UNDERSTANDING PLASTIC RECYCLING

in the Northeast Kingdom
Waste Management District (NEKWMD)

PLEASE:

Rinse all containers

with their instructions.

in the trash

• Remove screw-top caps from

beverage containers and throw them

YOUR TRANSFER STATION ATTENDANT IS THERE TO HELP

They know what can and cannot be recycled and what to put where. **Please cooperate**

Just because something is labeled with a recycling symbol does not mean that it has a feasible market for reuse! Unfortunately, a lot of plastic has no feasible market and cannot be accepted in the recycling bins by the NEKWMD.

When recycling is done right, the NEKWMD generates materials that have value. Help your community maximize revenue by recycling only acceptable items:

 NO Plastic without a recycling symbol - all plastic must have a recycling symbol!

And regardless of the recycling symbol:



NO Black Plastic of ANY Kind (even if it's got an accepted number recycling symbol)



 NO Medical Waste like syringes, tubing, or other devices



NO Large Plastics everything must be two (2)
 gallons or less - no plastic
 totes, cat litter buckets,
 or 5-gallon pails



 NO Plastic Flower Pots or any gardening containers



NO Rigid Plastic like toys, CD cases, or VHS tapes



 NO Plastic Bags & Films you can recycle them in the collection bins at Price Chopper, Hannaford, and Shaws

OK TO RECYCLE?	PLASTIC TYPE	USED TO MAKE	ISSUES
	Polyethylene Terephthalate PETE (PET or PETE)	 Disposable water bottles Personal hygiene containers such as mouthwash bottles Food packaging such as peanut butter, oil and dressing containers Some takeout food containers 	NO black plastic NO containers larger than 2 gallons
	High Density Polyethylene (HDPE)	 Personal hygiene containers such as shampoo, conditioner and body wash bottles House-hold cleaning product containers such as laundry detergent and bleach Food packaging such as milk containers 	 NO black plastic NO containers larger than 2 gallons (includes cat litter buckets)
Generally NO! Only small items can be accepted	Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC)	Some food product containers like for ketchups and salad dressings	 Vinyl is a toxic chemical Many harmful chemicals are produced in the manufacturing and disposal of PVC
NO! Thin film-plastics can be taken back to grocery stores like Shaws, Price Chopper & Hannaford	Low Density Polyethylene (LDPE)	 Thin-film plastic store bags Thin-film food packaging such as bread bags Cling film Trash bags Bubble wrap Six-pack rings 	 Thin-film plastics are those that stretch when you try to put your thumb through them CLEAN & DRY wood pellet bags & gardening soil bags can be put in the grocery store collection
Only Food-grade containers that are less than 2 gallons can be accepted	Polypropylene (PP)	 Some clear plastic takeout food containers Personal care items such as deodorant or lotion containers Prescription medicine bottles Food packaging such as yogurt cups Cloudy plastic containers such as baby bottles and straws 	 NO black plastic Food-grade means containers that held food or beverages (please rinse) or personal care products NO cleaning product containers!
Flexible or Clear NO! Rigid Foam YES! at SOME locations	Polystyrene (PS)	Rigid foam - also known as "Styrofoam" like: Disposable Coolers • Packaging (rigid) Meat trays • Egg cartons Rigid foam is accepted from ALL NEKWMD Residents at the Recycling Center in Lyndonville Rigid foam is accepted from Residents-only at the following local transfer stations: Barnet • Brighton • Cabot/Marshfield • Danville Glover • Greensbroro • Groton/Ryegate • Lyndon Morgan • Newport Center • Westfield	Make sure your rigid foam recycling is: • Clean & Dry • Tapes & Labels Removed NO Flexible Foam • Packing peanuts • Pipe insulation • Pool noodles • Packaging (flexible) NO Clear #6 • Clear clamshell takeout containers • Disposable cutlery • CD cases
NO!	OTHER Mixed (Other)	 Container lids • Electronics • 5-gallon water jugs Some clear plastic cutlery Some baby bottles and sippy cups 	No #7 plastics of any kind

REGULATING PLASTICS IN VERMONT

Vermont has two key plastic and recycling laws:

- 1. Single-Use Plastic Law [https://dec.vermont.gov/wastemanagement/solid/materials-mgmt/ single-use-products-law] that limits stores and food service establishments from providing customers with many single use plastics including:
 - Plastic bags
 - Plastic Straws
 - Plastic Stirrers
 - Expanded polystyrene (Styrofoam)
- 2. Universal Recycling Law (Act 148) [https://dec.vermont.gov/wastemanagement/solid/universalrecycling] that bans putting easily recyclable products in the trash. Recycling is mandated for: #1 and #2 plastic, glass, aluminum and steel, paper and cardboard.

Unfortunately, more and more grocery stores and restaurants are using clear clamshell containers made from #6 plastic and other takeout containers that are not recyclable. Advocate for the use of only packaging and takeout containers that are recyclable in the **NEKWMD!**

DID YOU KNOW?

When you put things into the recycling container that can't be recycled or put them in the wrong place, someone working at the transfer station needs to sort through and remove them which is time consuming and can be dangerous. If they stay in the bin, they can ruin the whole lot and that could mean it all ends up disposed in the landfill.



Consider recyclability at the point of purchase. Unfortunately, many things that seem like they "should" be recyclable are not. Just because something is plastic, doesn't mean it's recyclable

Choosing items made from plastic that can be accepted for recycling by NEKWMD saves resources such as water, energy and landfill space in addition to reducing air pollution and other waste generated from the creation of new plastics.

*For more information, visit www.newmoa.org/projects/plastics-in-consumer-products-food-service







www.newmoa.org

www.nekwmd.org

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