COMPARATIVE TOXICITY OF LEGACY AFFF & PFOS

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LEGACY AFFF

What's in it?

What components drive toxicity?

Is PFOS concentration a good predictor of mixture toxicity?

Chemical Characterization of a Legacy Aqueous Film-Forming Foam Sample and Developmental Toxicity in Zebrafish (*Danio rerio*)

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PART 1: WHAT'S IN IT?



Dr. John Clark



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UMASS Pesticide Analysis Laboratory



			Malagular waight		mzCloud hast	Delative peak	Concentration	
N.T.	N	CLODIE	Molecular weight	DT	mzcioud best	Relative peak	Concentration	T 1 1 1 1
No.	Name	CAS RN*	(g/mol)	RT (min)	match (%) ^a	intensity	(mg/L)	Industrial uses
1	Tetradecyl sulfate	1191-50-0	294.18642	8.363	100	6950653	496.4	Wetting agent, emulsifier
2	Dodecyl sulfate	151-41-7	266.15529	7.133	100	6229696	574.8	Wetting agent, emulsifier
3	Octyl gallate	1034-01-1	282.1500	6.85	88.6	3848182	NA	Antioxidant
4	Lauric acid	143-07-7	200.17761	7.340	99.9	649775	NA	Soap production
5	Decanoic acid	334-48-5	172.14613	6.531	99.9	236499	NA	Lubricant
6	Oleic acid	112-80-1	282.25596	9.386	99.7	240571	NA	Soap emulsifier
7	3,4-Dihydroxyphenyl pro- pionic acid	71693-95-3	182.0612	5.088	99.2	218594	NA	Antioxidant
8	Pentadecanoic acid	1002-84-2	242.22646	8.522	100	224956	NA	Corrosion inhibitor, water repellant, plastic production
9	Nonanoic acid	112-05-0	158.13043	6.111	99.9	198824	NA	Plasticizer production
10	Disperse orange 3	730-40-5	242.08246	4.813	94	142701	NA	Indicator dye (Type I aviation deicing fluid)
11	4-Dodecylbenzene sul- fonic acid	121-65-3	326.1916	7.50	86.2	575934	NA	Wetting agent, emulsifier
12	$\Delta 2$ -cis-Hexadecenoic acid	2825-68-5	254.22479	8.362	99.8	68528	NA	Pesticide production
13	4-methyl benzotriazole_2	29878-31-7	133.06364	4.331	9.79	34981	NA	Corrosion inhibitor
14	4-methyl benzotriazole_1	29878-31-7	133.06364	4.708	98.5	30637	NA	Corrosion inhibitor

Table 2. Non-PFAS compounds detected in AFFF mixture using Orbitrap HRMS.

Note: AFFF, aqueous film-forming foam; HRMS, high-resolution mass spectrometry; min, minutes; NA, not analyzed; non-PFAS, non-per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances; RT, retention time.

^amzCloud match is percent match to compounds in the mzCloud mass spectral database.



PART 2: WHAT DRIVES TOXICITY?



Dr. Kate Annunziato



Wenle Liang



Chris Clark



Dr. Monika Roy











Video by Dr. Rolf Karlstrom (UMASS)



OECD 236 FET (FISH EMBRYO TOXICITY) TEST





WHAT DRIVES LETHALITY?

- AFFF Mortality curve most closely resembled the detergents.
- Dilutions of AFFF based solely to match PFOS concentrations was 100% lethal
- PFHxS did not reach a LC50 at concentrations found in the legacy AFFF
- PFOS+PFHxS mixture mortality was similar to PFOS alone*

Table 5. Comparison of LC ₅₀ s in 96 hpf larvae following exposure to AFFF and its main constituents.									
	PFOS (mg/L)	PFHxS (mg/L)	PFAS mixture (total PFOS & PFHxS mg/L)	SDS (mg/L)	TDS (mg/L)				
Amount of each in AFFF LC ₅₀ : 7.41×10^{-4} % AFFF	2.32	0.37	2.69	0.14	0.12				
LC ₅₀ per compound 95% Confidence interval	31.03 (23.15, 42.99)	N.D.	29.63 (24.18, 36.14)	3.67 (3.09, 4.38)	0.66 (0.59, 0.74)				

Note: The first row lists the concentrations of perfluorooctanesulfonic acid (PFOS), perfluorohexanesulfonic acid (PFHxS), PFOS/PFHxS in combination, dodecyl sulfate and tetradecyl sulfate found in the LC_{50} of AFFF (7.41 × 10⁻⁴% AFFF) are listed. The second and third rows list the LC_{50} s and 95% confidence intervals, determined in the present study, of each compound. AFFF, aqueous film-forming foam; ND, not determined in this study; PFAS, per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances; PFOS, perfluorooctanesulfonic acid; PFHxS, perfluorohexanesulfonic acid; SDS, sodium dodecyl sulfate; TDS, sodium tetradecyl sulfate.

3-4 experimental replicates, 15 embryos exposed individually per concentration and chemical





SUBLETHAL EFFECTS

- Growth
- Yolk sac utilization
- Gross deformities
- Internal organ formation









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EXOCRINE PANCREAS TRUNCATION



Annunziato et al., EHP 2020

Sant et al., Env. Poll 2017

Sant et al., Tox Sci 2019



ABNORMAL BETA CELL DEVELOPMENT



Normal



Fragmented



FRAGMENTED ISLET DEVELOPMENT





LIVER DEVELOPMENT

- AFFF impeded liver growth in embryos
- PFOS did not affect liver growth

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PART 3: IS PFOS CONCENTRATION A GOOD PREDICTOR OF AFFF MIXTURE TOXICITY?

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AFFF COMPARISON TO PFOS

		PFOS (µM)			
	2.20e-4	4.40e-4	8.80e-4		
	(1.38 µM PFOS)	(2.76 μΜ PFOS)	(5.52 µM PFOS)	16	32
Body Length	\leftrightarrow	\downarrow	\downarrow	\leftrightarrow	\downarrow
Yolk Sac Area	\leftrightarrow	\Leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow	\downarrow	\leftrightarrow
Liver Length	\leftrightarrow	\downarrow		\leftrightarrow	\leftrightarrow
Beta Cell Islet Area	\leftrightarrow	\Leftrightarrow		\downarrow	\downarrow
Beta Cell Aberrant Morphology	\Leftrightarrow	\uparrow		\uparrow	1
Stunted Exocrine	\leftrightarrow	1	1	1	1



TAKE-AWAYS

- Subtle developmental effects can be informative (liver, pancreas) and differ from LC50s
- AFFF is more acutely toxic that PFOS alone
- Knowledge gaps:
 - Mixture toxicity
 Mechanisms
 Critical exposure windows





Marjorie Marin

* @ ARA !!



Dr. Kate Annunziato

PRECONCEPTION AS A CRITICAL WINDOW OF EXPOSURE

What happens in the womb lasts a lifetime

University of Massachusetts Amherst

Exposure Paradigm





PFOS MEASUREMENTS

✓ PFOS levels are higher in the ovaries than liver.

✓ PFOS is loaded into the eggs across all breeding events but PFBS is depurated



Preliminary data, n= 3 females, t-test.

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0.25

Marin et al., in prep Annunziato et al., Chemosphere 2021

PANCREATIC β-CELL DEVELOPMENT

At 5DPF:

- ✓ embryos from 0.14 PFOS group have a decreased islet area compared to controls.
- PFBS maternal exposure only affected islet growth after depuration had occurred- \checkmark lasting metabolic impacts?







Marin et al., in prep Annunziato et al., Chemosphere 2021

a.

2500

2000

1500

1000



- When the exposure occurs matters
- PFAS with shorter half-lives can have lasting impacts on lipid health even after depuration



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IALS Models to Medicine Center

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