

Chemical Use Disclosure



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Webinar Agenda

- Introduction
- Chemical Use Reporting Efforts
- What is the Purpose of Disclosure?
- Review of Two Online Systems – WA Ecology & IMERC
- Uses of Disclosure Data
- Collaboration through the IC2
- Next Steps
- Questions / Discussion

Project Goals

- Begin a series of discussions & meetings among stakeholders to shape the future of chemical use disclosure resources
- Identify elements of current disclosure systems as models
- Develop examples of reports & ways to disseminate use information

Project Goals

- What questions do users want to address using chemical use data?
- What information is needed to answer the questions?
- How can we analyze & present data and turn information into knowledge & action?

Chemical Use Disclosure



State Chemical Use Disclosure

- IMERC – States' mercury reduction laws
- Washington – Children's Safe Products Act:
66 priority chemicals
- Maine – Chemicals in Children's Products:
BPA, Nonylphenol, & Nonylphenol Ethoxylates
- California – Safer Consumer Products
- New York – Chemical use in cleaning products
- Oregon & Minnesota – legislation introduced this session

Reasons for Chemical Use Disclosure

- Compliance with various reporting requirements
- Internal sustainability efforts across supply chains
- Reaction to consumers' desire for “greener” products
- Level playing field for making informed purchasing decisions – consumers & government
- Better understanding of use in specific products & categories to help evaluate alternatives
- Focus green chemistry efforts & research



More Reasons for Use Disclosure

- Identify the universe that may have to comply with other requirements
- Help inform policy makers to guide future efforts
- Improve end-of-life management
- Understand universe of products & functions of chemicals
- “Focus attention on those chemicals where the greatest opportunities for improvement exist” – WA Ecology

WA Children's Safe Products Act



- Developed Reporting List of Chemicals of High Concern – 66 chemicals identified
- First reporting cycle ended August 2012 – largest manufacturers reporting Tier 1 products
- Second cycle ending February 2013
- Categorization through the GS1 Global Product Classification (GPC) system - “Brick” level
- Compliance through product testing

Children's Safe Products Act Reports

Search data on children's products:

The Children's Safe Product Act requires manufacturers to provide notice to the agency if their product contains certain chemicals. [learn more >](#)

Chemical Search

[Search by chemical CAS Number](#)

Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS) Number. [more >](#)

[Search by chemical name](#)

Examples: cadmium, mercury, toluene, etc.

[Search by chemical function name](#)

Examples: plasticizer, softener, coating, etc.

Company Search

[Search by company](#)

Search by company name.

Product Search

[Search by product brick code](#)

A brick code is an international product classification. [more >](#)

[Search by product brick description](#)

Examples: car seat, doll, hair care, etc.

[Search by product component name](#)

Examples: metals, textiles, etc.

Predefined Reports

[Report of All Data](#)

Uses of the WA CSPA Data

- Identifying chemicals used in various components across multiple sectors
- Re-focusing resources after better understanding uses
- Creating lists of manufacturers required to report
- Identifying chemicals & their uses by states with similar priority chemical listings
- Creating a product-level database for informing purchasing decisions – not applicable

Mercury Use in Products Notification

- IMERC launched in 2001 to serve as single point of contact for public & industry
- First reporting cycle in 2001 – reporting required every three years (2010 is 4th cycle)
- 8 states with common reporting requirements
- > 500 companies with thousands of product listings
- Harmonized approach - collectively reviewed, discussed, & approved
- Categorization schemes developed by IMERC with input from industry – no common standard

IMERC Mercury-added Products Database



MERCURY-ADDED PRODUCTS DATABASE

• Browse By Product Category

• Browse By Company

• Customized Search

Select a product category for a list of companies that make that product.

Displaying 44 companies that manufacture Appliances, or components used in Appliances

Appliances	Detail	Company Name
Batteries		Access Business Group LLC
Computers		American Air & Water, Inc.
Dental Amalgam		Atwood Mobile Products LLC
Displays/screens		Ballantyne of Omaha, Inc.
Electronics		Barnstead International
Formulated Products		Beverage-Air Corporation
Heating/cooling Equipment		Blodgett Oven Co.
Industrial Machinery		Broan-NuTone LLC
Lamp Fixtures		Brown Stove Works, Inc.
Lamps		Carrier Commercial Refrigeration, Carter-Hoffmann
Measuring Devices		Carrier Commercial Refrigeration, International Cold Storage
Medical Instruments		Carrier Commercial Refrigeration, Tyler Refrigeration
Miscellaneous		Carrier Commercial Refrigeration, Wells-Bloomfield
Office Equipment		Duke Manufacturing Co.
Pumps		Electrolux Home Product, Canada
Relays		
Sensors		
Switches		
Thermometers		
Thermostats		
Toys		
Valves		
Vehicles		

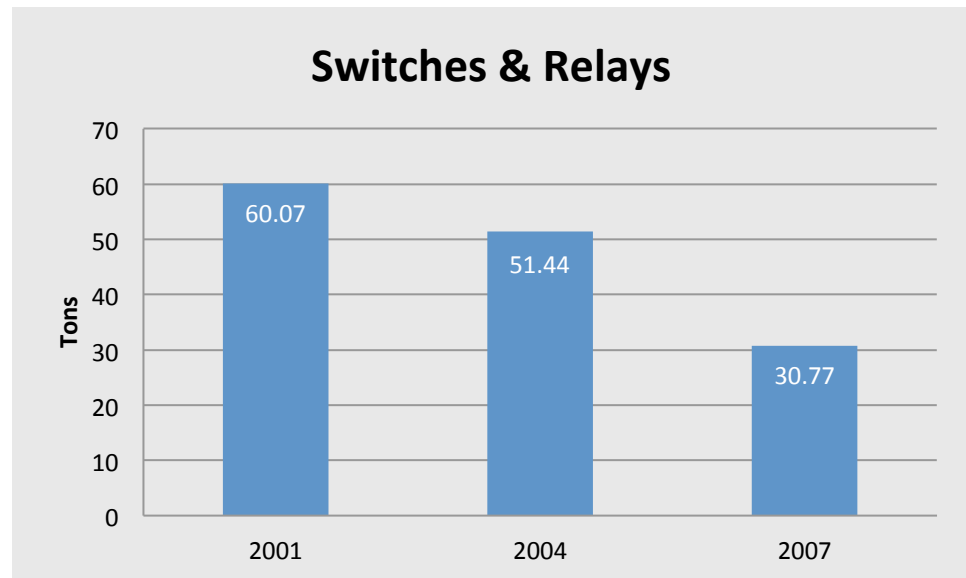
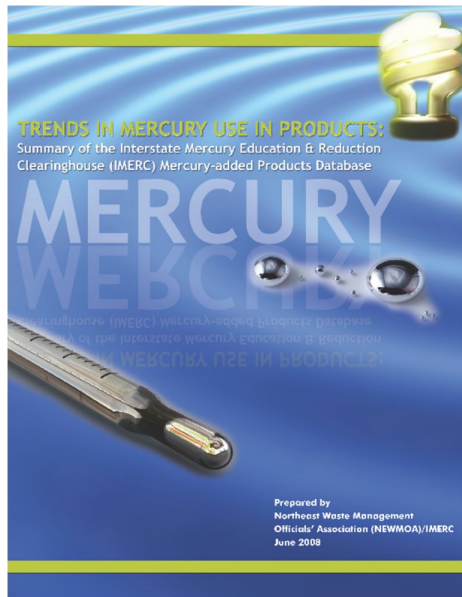
Uses of the IMERC Data

- Defined the universe of products & categories
 - Switches & relays, measuring devices, thermostats, etc.
- Created better understanding of end-of-life impacts
 - Components per product & mercury content per component data
- Informed policy focusing on labeling & product bans
- Facilitated compliance with other mercury product requirements
- Shared with EPA; Funded by National Environmental Information Exchange Network



Uses of the IMERC Data

- Product category fact sheets
- Trends analysis – assessing success of efforts



Project Goals

- What questions do users want to address using chemical use data?
- What information is needed to answer the questions?
- What format is most accessible & useful?
- How can we analyze & present data and turn information into knowledge & action?

The Interstate Chemicals Clearinghouse

The Interstate Chemicals Clearinghouse (IC2) is an association of state, local, & tribal governments that promotes a clean environment, healthy communities, & a vital economy through the development & use of safer chemicals & products.

- Avoid duplication & enhance efficiency & effectiveness of agency initiatives on chemicals through collaboration & coordination
- Build governmental capacity to identify & promote safer chemicals & products
- Ensure that agencies, businesses, & the public have ready access to high quality & authoritative chemicals data, information, & assessment methods

IC2 Coordination

IC2 Chemical Use Reporting White Paper

- Outlines the benefits of collaboration
- Describes state Confidential Business Information policies
- Presents a draft straw common reporting form

Technical Considerations & Policy Discussions

- Harmonize legislative language
- Coordinate disclosure compliance & testing?
- Share submissions & alternatives?

Next Steps

- Identify stakeholders
- Conference call/s
- Spring in-person meeting
- Identify uses of the information & preferred format
- Data analysis models



Resources

IC2 Website:

<http://www.newmoa.org/prevention/ic2/>

IC2 Chemical Use Reporting White Paper:

<http://www.newmoa.org/prevention/ic2/pubs/>

WA Ecology CSPA Reports:

<https://fortress.wa.gov/ecy/cspareporting/>

IMERC Mercury-added Products Database:

<http://www.newmoa.org/prevention/mercury/imerc/notification/>

More Information

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INTERSTATE CHEMICALS



CLEARINGHOUSE