Connecticut's Policies on:

- → Generator Status Determination/Episodic Generation
- → Generator Closure

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Generator Status Determination

- CT's regulations set the SQG/LQG Status threshold at 1000 kg (total on-site accumulation).
- CESQGs not allowed to dispose of hazardous waste in the trash.
- Monthly generation rates same as EPA.

Episodic Generation

- Follow guidance in 1986 SQG Federal Register Notice (51 FR 10153-10154).
- Episodic Generators are subject to regulation under higher status during the time they store the excess material.
- Are required to have all applicable compliance documents, etc.
- Not required to notify and obtain a permanent ID # (Temp. ID # instead).

Episodic Generation (Cont.)

- No written policy, but provide practical advice on how to comply with contingency plan, personnel training, and inspection requirements.
- Episodic LQGs: Biennial Report technically a requirement, but forms are not mailed out as with full-time LQGs.
- Episodic vs. non-episodic: "once per year" rule of thumb.
- Anticipated/expected vs. random/nonrecurring generation events.

Episodic Generation (Cont.)

- Manifest Database Initiative
 - Designed to detect generators operating out of status.
 - Candidates gleaned from our electronic manifest database.
 - Did >80 Inspections since 2002, many of which resulted in enforcement actions.
 - Big problem: Temp ID #s.
 - Using them for > allowed timeframes.
 - Using multiple temp ID #s.
 - "Off of our radar screen."

Generator Closure

- CT's regulations require generator closure for LQGs AND SQGs.
- Both are subject to:
 - 265.111 (closure performance standard)
 - 264.113(a)-(c) (180-day closure time limit).
 - 265.114 (disposal of cleanup wastes).
- Have generator closure guidance.
- Cleanup standards: State RSRs.
- Big Q: How to deal with generators that stored > 90 days? (Att. A of Guidance)