Sources of PFAS Impacts to New Hampshire Groundwater

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Northeast Waste Management Officials' Association (NEWMOA)

Webinar Series





Agenda

- I. Introduction to PFAS in New Hampshire
- II. NH Regulatory Setting and PFAS Timeframe
- III. Water Supply Data
- IV. Waste Site Sources
- V. Closing



Data collected since 2016 shows PFAS impacts to a wide range of environmental media

Statewide Water Quality Data

- Public water supplies
- Private drinking water
- Groundwater
- Surface water

Statewide Waste Quality Data

- Wastewater
- Wastewater sludge and biosolids
- Landfill leachate

Site-Specific Data

- Soil
- Sediment
- Stormwater
- Fish
- Shellfish
- Loon eggs
- Air
- Stack residue



PFAS Impacts are Present Throughout New Hampshire

Updated: April 30, 2020

PFAS SAMPLES

Data in NHDES' Environmental Monitoring Database (EMD) ~ 9602 samples

- > Existing AGQS
- > One or More Health Based Levels
- < All Health Based Levels</p>

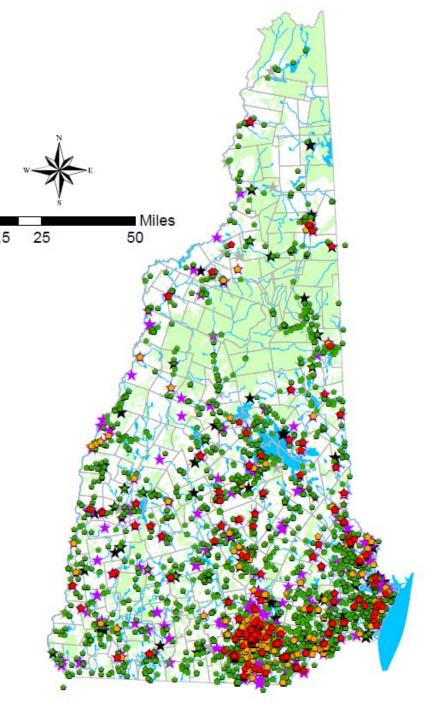
PFAS SITES

Data in NHDES' Onestop Database ~ 415 sites

- ★ Site with PFAS Detections > One or More Health Based Levels
- ★ Site with PFAS Detections < All Health Based Levels</p>
- Site with PFAS Screening No Detections







 MCLs: health-based drinking water standards or Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) are standards associated with drinking water quality

 AGQS: Ambient Groundwater Quality Standards (AGQS) are standards associated with groundwater quality



2013-2015

UCMR3 Sampling (18 systems – 80 samples, 3 systems with detections)

April 2014

PFOS at Pease AFB

Feb - April 2016 PFOA at Industrial facilities in Merrimack and Amherst





May 2016

USEPA LHA Issued / NH Adoption as AGQS (PFOA [70 ppt] and PFOS [70 ppt])





2019

Rulemaking for MCLs/AGQS for PFOA, PFOS, PFNA, & PFHxS - Effective 9.30.19, enjoined by lawsuit effective 12.30.19





<u>PFAS</u>	MCL and AGQS		
PFOA	12 ppt		
PFOS	15 ppt		
PFHxS	18 ppt		
PFNA	11 ppt		

July 2020

HB 1264 amended to include PFAS MCL / Governor signed bill that reinstates MCLs / AGQS



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Recent sampling shows PFAS in sources of drinking water for public water systems.

SOURCES SAMPLED	SOURCES REMAINING	SOURCES WITH DETECTIONS	SOURCES EXCEEDING MCL	
1095	785	350	89	
58%	42%	~ 32%	~ 8%	



Town Boundary

Conservation Land

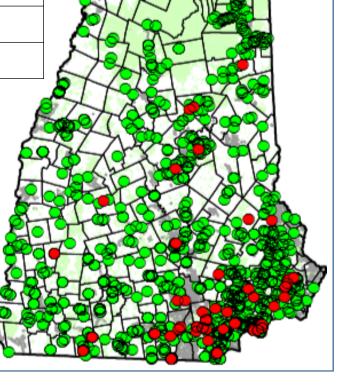
Public Water

PFAS < Health Based Level

PFAS > Health Based Level







PFAS data for private groundwater supplies are limited.

About 250,000 private wells serve ~
 46% of NH's population

 Focused sampling based on proximity to intensive PFAS uses/releases and sensitive receptors



Background Study - Occurrence of PFAS in NH's Drinking Water

State Boundary

Town Boundary

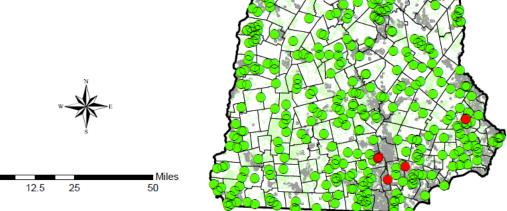
Public Water

Conservation Land

PFAS < Health Based Level

PFAS > Health Based Level

- ~ 500 random wells
- ~ 100 co-located biomonitoring samples
- Only 6 wells > MCLs/AGQS, but 3 in So. NH were tied to a specific site.
- ~ 20 wells remaining to be sampled
- Report is pending





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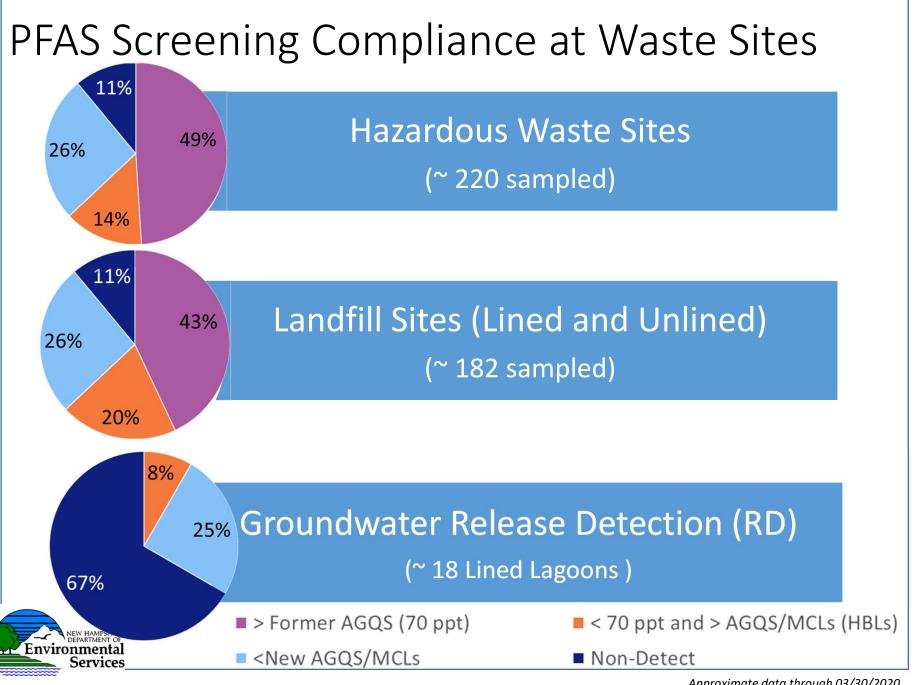




NH Waste Sites Required to Screen for PFAS

- ✓ All sites with Groundwater Release Detection Permits
- ✓ All landfills that are subject to groundwater monitoring
- ✓ All active hazardous waste sites or sites with environmental assessments where:
 - A thorough review of site history reveals activities have involved use of PFAS-containing products, and releases have occurred from those activities
 - Class B firefighting foam has been used





NH's groundwater data are variable, but suggest that more significant PFAS impacts may be associated with:

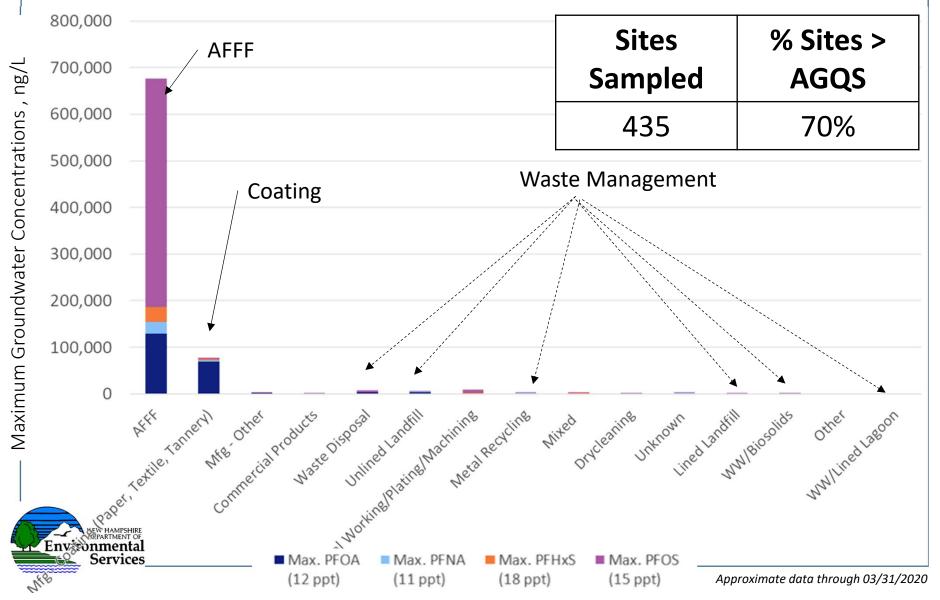
- Aqueous Film Forming Foam (AFFF)
- Industrial sources
 - Manufacturing products (e.g., coating)
 - Use in manufacturing (e.g., plating)
- Commercial Sources
- Management of Wastes
 - Landfills
 - Wastewater effluent, sludge and biosolids







AGQS exceedances are present at each type of site, although the magnitude varies.



Suspected PFAS Release / Use	Sites Sampled	% Sites > AGQS (MCLs)	Max. PFOA (12 ppt)	Max. PFNA (11 ppt)	Max. PFHxS (18 ppt)	Max. PFOS (15 ppt)
AFFF	23	100%	130,000	25,000	31,000	490,000
Manufacturing - Coating (Paper, Textile, Tannery)	10	90%	69,500	2,960	2,400	2,560
Manufacturing - Other	20	65%	2,510	110	150	850
Commercial Products	4	100%	242	102	69	405
Waste Disposal	26	65%	3,200	161	89	4,750
Unlined Landfill	161	77%	3,700	828	663	1,700
Metal Working/ Plating/Machining	23	61%	1,070	31	806	7,080
Metal Recycling	12	67%	1,700	100	630	1,440
Mixed	24	79%	1,230	78	769	2,410
Drycleaning	24	78%	401	568	88	1,800
Unknown	64	50%	1,090	960	229	240
Lined Landfill	13	62%	350	30	88	79
WW/Biosolids	4	75%	560	13	81	230
Other	15	67%	129	9	24	470
WW/Lined Lagoon	12	8%	18	0	14	7

Approximate data through 6/1/2020

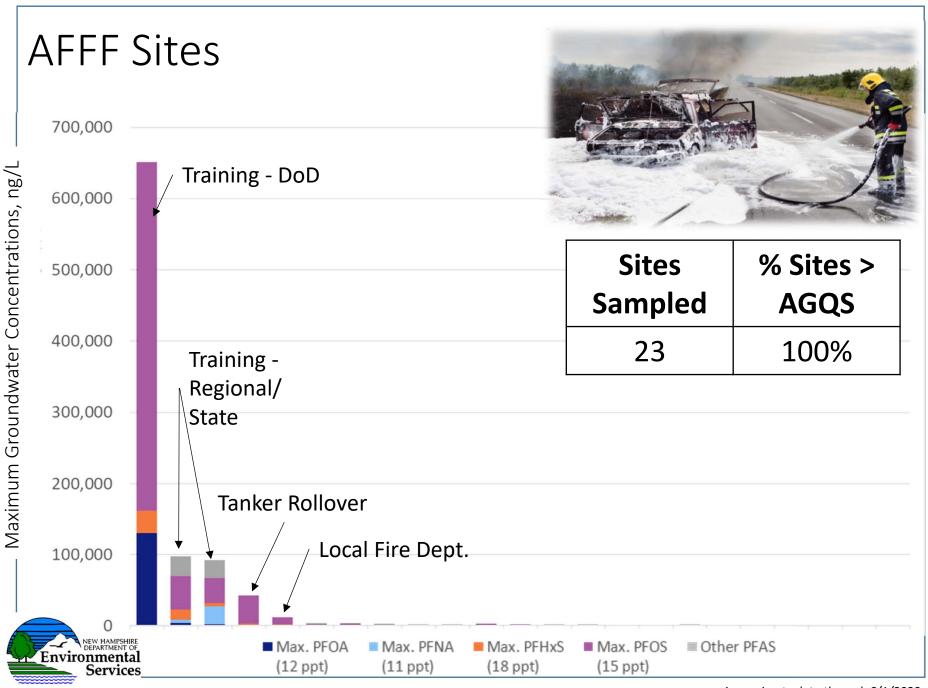
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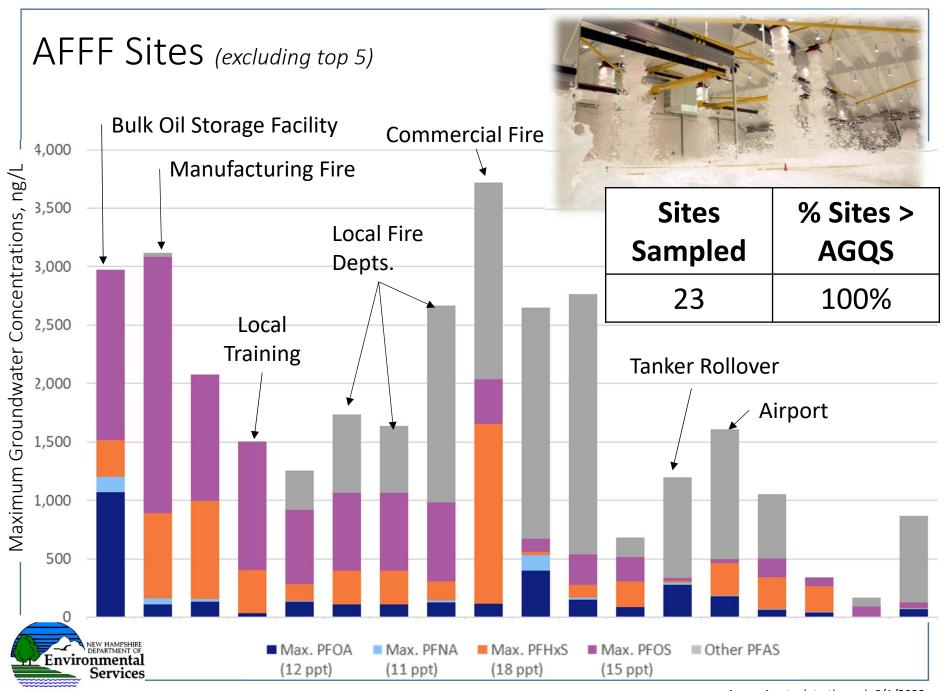
IV. Waste Site Sources

I. AFFF

- II. Industrial
- III. Commercial
- IV. Landfills
- V. Closing

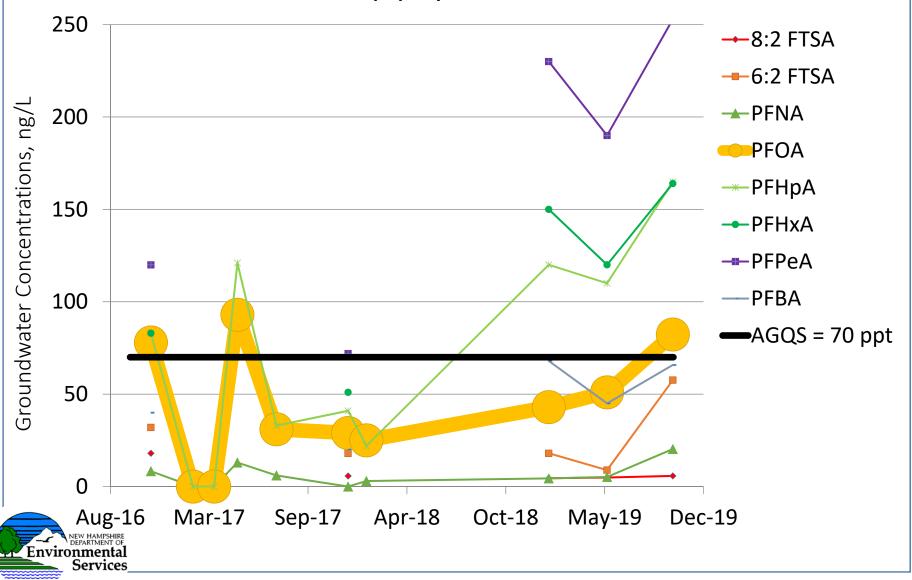








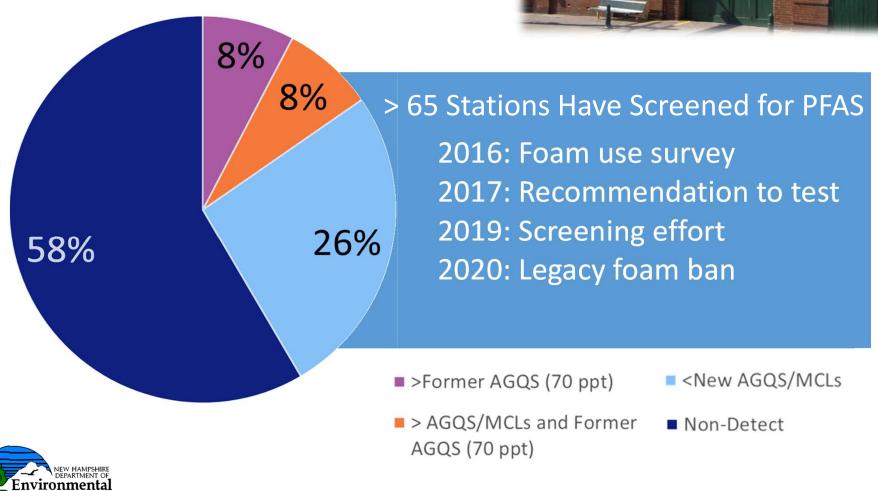
Variable PFAS concentrations observations in a shallow water supply well.



PFAS screening for water supply wells at fire stations

Private Wells Serve 171 (of 237) Stations





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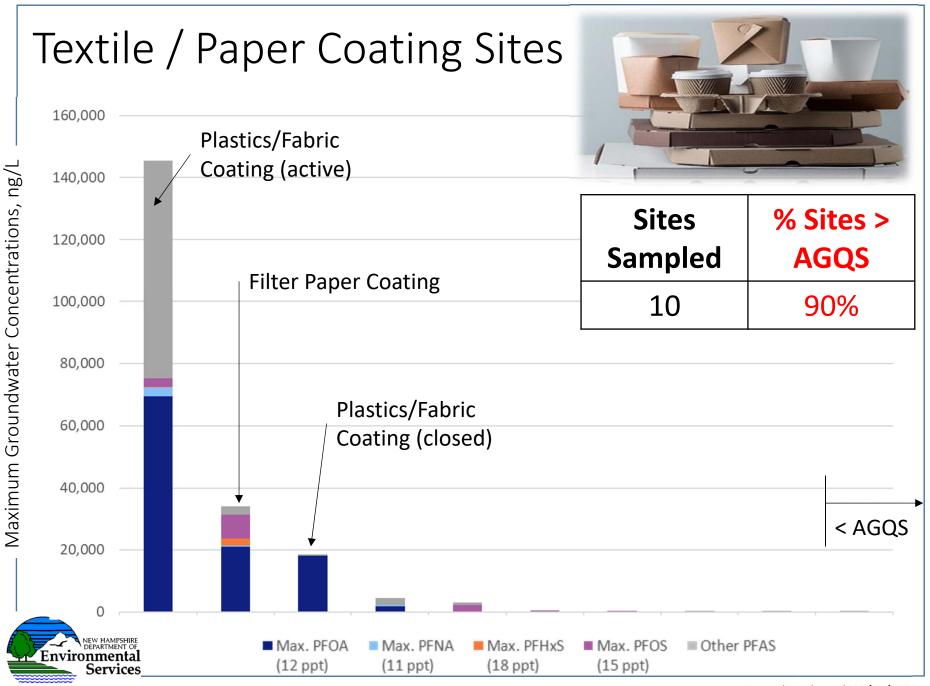
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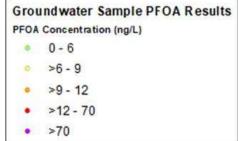


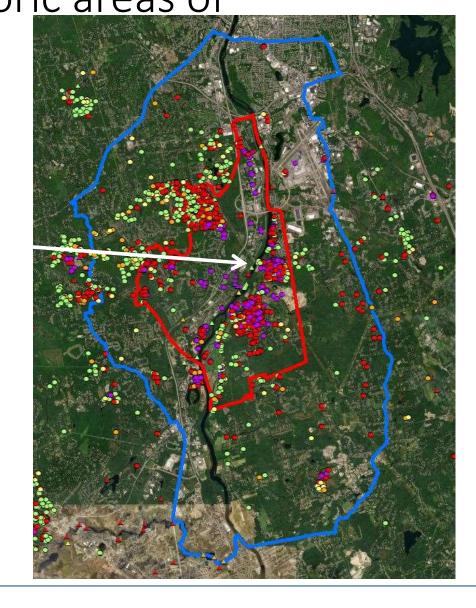


Some investigations cover larger geographical areas than other historic areas of

contamination.



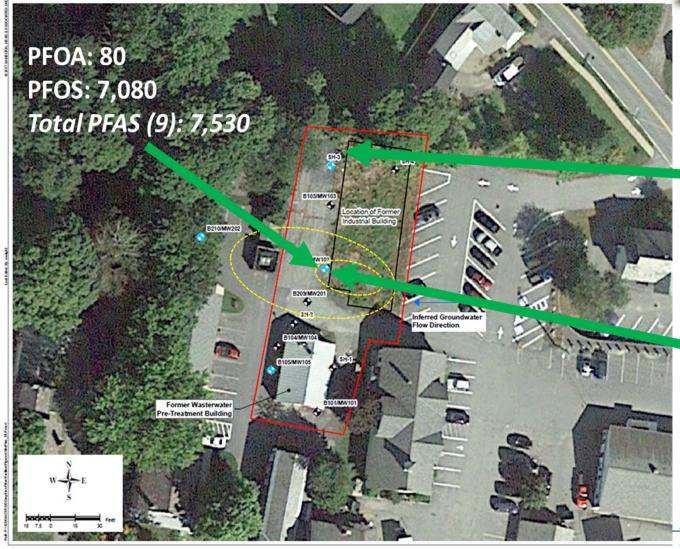






Metal Working, Plating, & Machining Sites Maximum Groundwater Concentrations, ng/L 9,000 8,000 **Sites Sampled** % Sites > AGQS 23 61% 7,000 6,000 5,000 4,000 3,000 2,000 1,000 < AGQS

Chrome plating facility





PFOA: 1,070

PFOS: 90

Total PFAS (12): 3,461

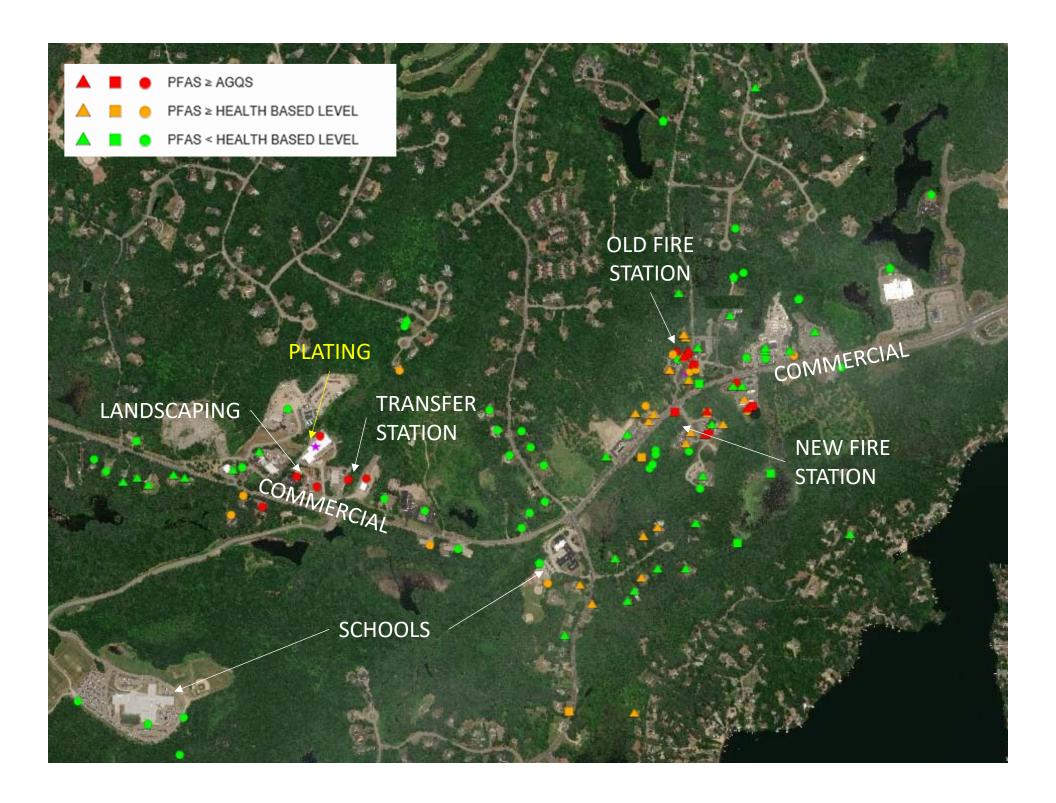
PFOA: 44

PFOS: 3,130

Total PFAS (12): 3,437

Results in ng/L (ppt)

Adapted from Ransom, August 2017 and Sanborn Head, October 2017



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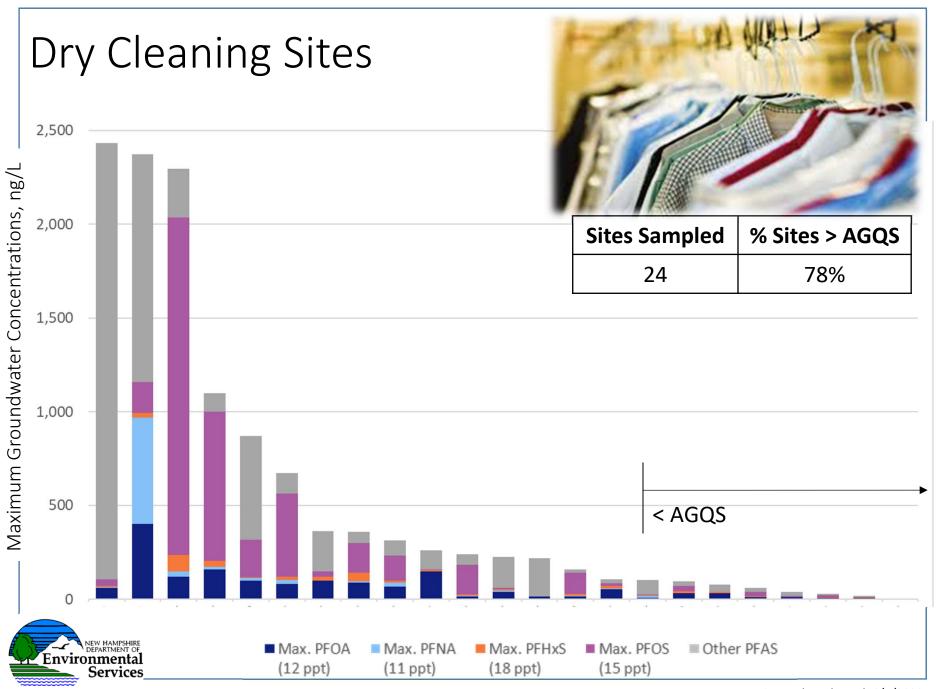
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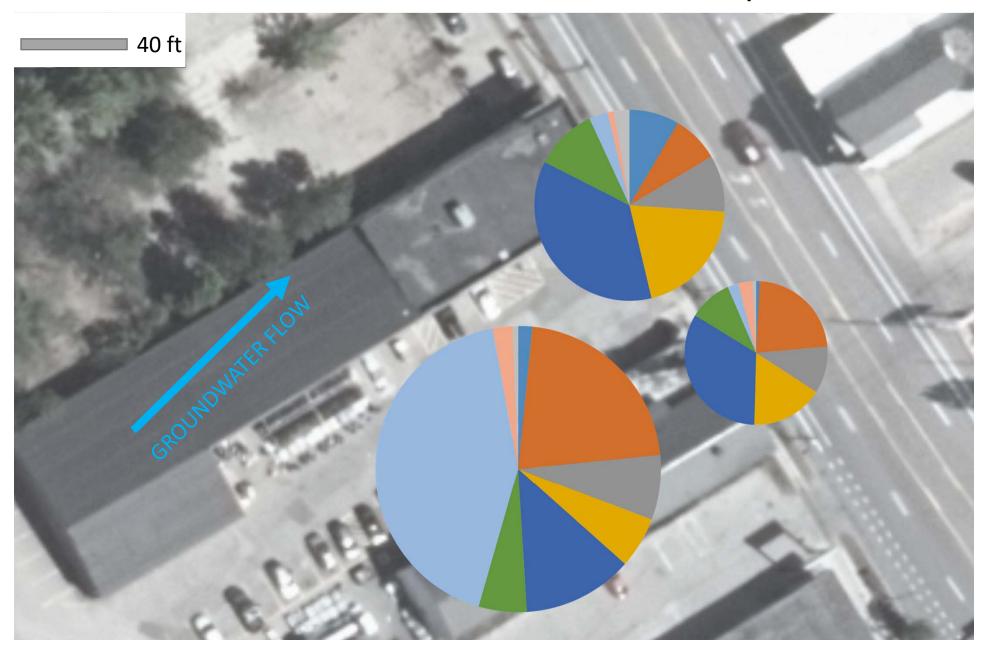
III. Commercial

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Distribution of PFAAs at a former dry cleaner



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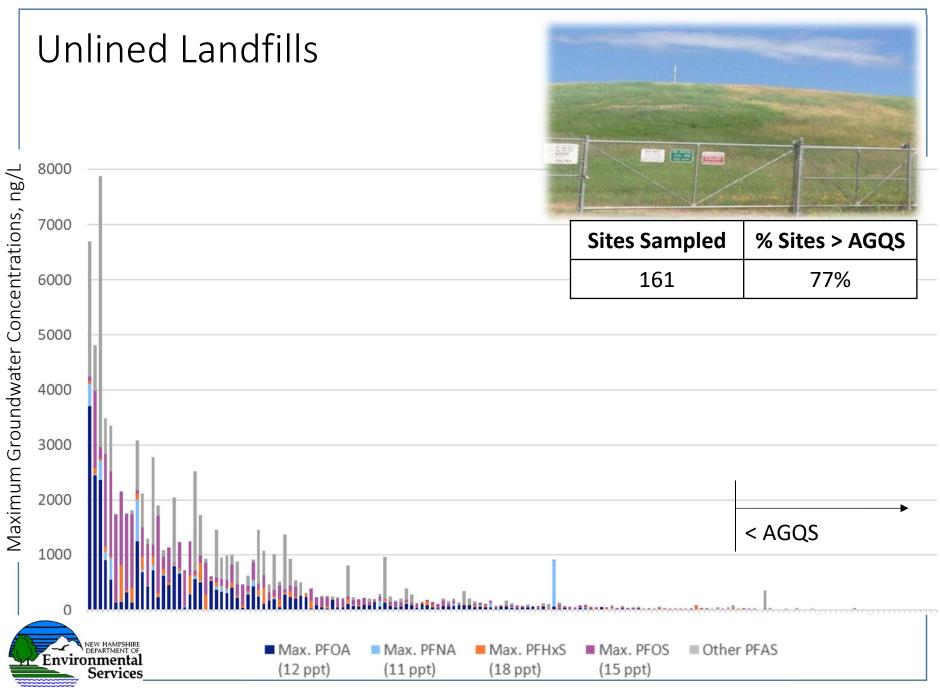
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IV.Landfills

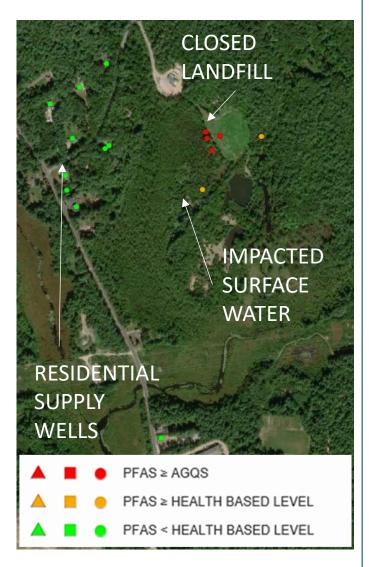
V. Closing





PFAS are detected at 92 percent of unlined landfills.

- No defined mixtures
- Consider
 - Age, nature of waste (MSW, C&D, etc.)
 - Other site activity (e.g., FTAs)
 - Construction, operation, and closure
 - Short-paper fiber and biosolids
 - Amended soils
 - Leachate management
- Surface water influences from stormwater runoff and/or groundwater discharge
- About 18 percent of unlined landfills have impacted drinking water wells, but only about 3 percent of sites have impacts > AGQS



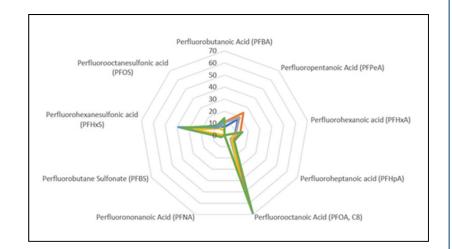
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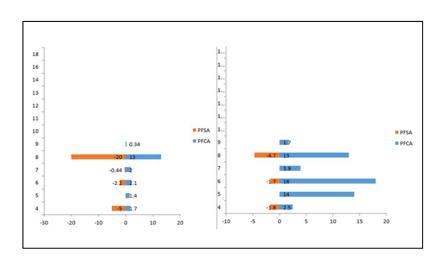
V. Closing



Some considerations for evaluation of PFAS screening data...

- Revisit site history
- Graphic review of the distribution between PFAAs, and between PFAAs and precursors
 - Radial diagrams
 - Bar graphs
 - Pie charts
- Consider wastewater influences
 - Review cleaning products
 - Test sludge, wastewater
 - Test other tracers (e.g., caffeine, pharmaceuticals)
- Geochemical analyses
- Multi-depth surface water sampling







Evaluating PFAS screening data can be challenging.

PFOA, PFNA, PFHxS, PFOS

- Site age, funding
- PFAS proprietary mixtures
- Phase-outs and replacements
- Precursor transformation
- Unique chemical properties
- Evolving analytical capabilities
- Target standards changing

Common Analytes (2 to >30)

Other PFAS (>4,700)

There are many other ongoing NHDES initiatives related to the occurrence of PFAS in NH.

- Surface water sampling
- Fish tissue sampling
- Landfill leachate assessments
- Shallow soil occurrence and leaching evaluations
- Source identification initiatives
- Legacy Class B firefighting foam collection & disposal initiatives, BMPs
- BACT for air emissions

- Registered Groundwater
 Discharge permitting
 - Non-domestic wastewater discharges to septic systems
 - Floor drains discharging to the environment
- Wastewater (influent and effluent) sampling
- PFAS reduction initiatives for wastewater plants
- Residuals (sludge and biosolids) permitting

References

NHDES PFAS Website

https://www4.des.state.nh.us/ nh-pfas-investigation/

NH PFAS Investigation

New Hampshire Department of Environmental Services



Welcome

Posted on September 1, 2017 by Jana Ford

Welcome. This website will be used to update interested parties on NHDES' current investigation into the presence of Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS) in New Hampshire. You can access our previous webpage for archived information: https://www.des.nh.gov/organization/commissioner/pfoa.htm.

Posted in Uncategorized

Posted on July 28, 2020 by Jim Martin

Pursuant to the Laws of the State of New Hampshire, January Session of 2018 Chapter 306:2 (HB 1766), NHDES submitted a status report to the Legislature, through March 2020, on the occurrence of per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) in New Hampshire. To view the report: Statewide PFAS Occurrence Status Report Report tables: Table: Public Water Read More

Posted in Uncategorized

ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

Water Line Extension Projects Investigation Documents Be Well Informed Guide Pease Tradeport Investigation Archive

RECENT POSTS

(no title)

NHDES Issues Comment Letter on Saint-Gobain Site Investigation Documents, June 16, 2020 Saint-Gobain Performance Plastics Notice of August 5, 2020 Public Hearing and Opening of Public Comment Period Request for a Variance Related to Air Permit Saint Gobain Performance Plastics Submits a Request for a Variance

ITRC PFAS Resources



- Technical Guidance Document
- Training Videos
- Fact Sheets

https://pfas-1.itrcweb.org/

ITRC (Interstate Technology & Regulatory Council). 2020. PFAS Fact Sheets PFAS-1. Washington, D.C.: Interstate Technology & Regulatory Council, PFAS Team.



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